# DEVELOPING A FRAMEWORK TO AVOID DISPUTES IN CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS: A PERSPECTIVE OF PROJECT CHARACTERISTICS

# MATHUSHA FRANCIS

### 148050D

Thesis submitted in partial fulfilment of the requirements for the degree of Master of Philosophy

Department of Building Economics

University of Moratuwa Sri Lanka

March 2022

Master of Philosophy

**Declaration** 

I declare that this is my own research proposal and this proposal does not incorporate

without acknowledgment any material previously published submitted for a Degree

or Diploma in any other university or institute of higher learning and to the best of

my knowledge and belief it does not contain any material previously published or

written by another person except where the acknowledgment is made in the text.

Also, I hereby grant to University of Moratuwa the non-exclusive right to reproduce

and distribute my thesis, in whole or in part in print, electronic or other medium. I

retain the right to use this content in whole or part in future works (such as articles or

books)".

Signature:

**UOM Verified Signature** 

Date: <u>05.03.2022</u>

The above candidate has carried out research for the MPhil Thesis under my

supervision.

Signature of the Supervisor(s):

**UOM Verified Signature** 

Date:

05.03.2022

Dr. Thanuja Ramachandra

i

### **Abstract**

Disputes continue to exist in the construction industry for several decades and affect the cost, time and quality of the projects. Worse still, it results in severe consequences such as abandonment of projects and bankruptcy of contractors. This encouraged the construction industry to step towards dispute prevention with the viewpoint of the causes of disputes. It is evident that the root causes could be well addressed through project characteristics at the early stage of a construction project. Further, disputes are more frequent in project contexts such as large scale, highly complex and traditionally procured. In addition, the dispute avoidance strategies such as allocating fair risk contracts and team building could be related to the procurement method. Therefore, this study aimed at developing a strategic framework to avoid disputes in the Sri Lankan construction projects from the perspective of project characteristics.

A mixed approach was adopted where a questionnaire and projects which experienced disputes were surveyed to collect data. Initially, questionnaires were administered to a sample of 78 experienced professionals including quantity surveyors, project managers, adjudicators and arbitrators who dealt with disputes in construction projects. Subsequently, a total of 44 building projects which experienced disputes and referred to alternative dispute resolution methods of either negotiation or adjudication or arbitration were studied by referring to relevant project documents such as contract documents, project summary reports, arbitration and adjudication referrals, claims documents and other project correspondences. Additionally, semi-structured interviews were conducted among experts who involved in the resolution of disputes of the said projects. The data collected were analysed using descriptive statistics and content analysis.

The questionnaire survey offered 32 causes and 9 project characteristics which significantly contributed to disputes in general. Consistently, both questionnaire survey and detailed investigation into projects revealed that the salient causes of disputes are payment delays, ambiguities in documents, and scope changes while project characteristics that significantly contribute to disputes are the degree of design complexity, time constraints, procurement method, size of the project, type of client, site factors, standard form of contract, source of funding and project cost. In addition, the study revealed that the strategies such as drafting dispute resolution provisions in the contract, practice of negotiation, standing adjudication, proper documentation and early contractor involvement could minimise disputes in construction projects. The survey of projects revealed that payment delays can be influenced by the type of client, cost/size of project and source of funding while ambiguities in the document can be correlated with the standard form of contract. The research further offered that the scope changes are critical in projects where high design complexity, design & build procurement method and large scale are in place. The findings revealed that the dispute avoidance strategies of drafting dispute resolution clauses, practice of negotiation, provision for standing adjudication and proper documentation can be correlated to the use of standard form of contract whereas early contractor involvement and third-party review of design can be correlated to procurement method. Thus, the research recommends the project stakeholders to adopt appropriate avoidance strategies by giving due consideration to project characteristics of the given context.

Key words: Disputes, causes, avoidance strategies, project characteristics, relationships

### Acknowledgment

This dissertation has been written at the Department of Building Economics, University of Moratuwa, Sri Lanka under the supervision of Dr. Thanuja Ramachandra. First and foremost, I would like to express my sincere gratitude to Dr.Thanuja for her thoughtful guidance and assistance in completing this research successfully.

I would also like to sincerely thank ChQS. Suranga Jayasena, Head, Department of Building Economics and Prof. Yasangika Sandanayake, Former Head of Department of Building Economics, for her support. Further, I owe my gratitude to Dr. Sachie Gunatilake, Research Coordinator, Faculty of Architecture and other academic and non-academic staff members of the Department of Building Economics who contributed significantly to the completion of this research.

I also would like to thank Prof. Srinath Perera, my Progress Review (PR) specialist. You are a true inspiration and I feel humbled and grateful for all you have taught me. Your interest and honest questioning have made my work better and your constructive feedback have made the journey more valuable.

I would like to further extend my gratitude to all the research participants. I appreciate your kindness in providing time to share your views and experiences. I am so grateful for your input into my research.

# TABLE OF CONTENTS

CH	APTI	ER ON	NE: INTRODUCTION	. 1
	1.0	Back	ground of the Research	. 1
	1.1	Resea	arch Problem Statement	. 3
	1.2	Aim a	and Objectives of the Research	. 5
	1.3	Outli	ne of Research Methodology	. 5
	1.4	Scope	e and Limitations	. 6
	1.5	Chapt	ter Breakdown	. 7
	1.6	Sumn	nary	. 7
СН	APTI	ER TV	VO: LITERATURE REVIEW	. 8
	2.0	Introd	luction	. 8
	2.1	Dispu	ites in Construction Industry – An Overview	. 8
	2.2	Cause	es of Disputes	11
	2.2.1 2.2.2		Frequency of Causes of disputes	15
			Project Participants and Phases Responsible for Disputes	21
	2.2	2.3	Causes of Disputes from the Perspective of Project Characteristics	25
	2.2	2.3.1	Type of project	27
	2.2	2.3.2	Type of client	28
	2.2	2.3.3	Scope the project	29
	2.2	2.3.4	Size of the project	30
	2.2	2.3.5	Type of contract	30
	2.2	2.3.6	Duration of the project	31
	2.2	2.3.7	Project Cost	31
	2.2	2.3.8	Degree of complexity	32
	2.2	2.3.9	Time Constrains	32
	2.2	2.3.10	Payment method of the project	33
	2.2	2.3.11	Project location and site factors	33
	2.2	2.3.12	Construction method and innovative technology	33
	2.2	2.3.13	Procurement Methods	34

	2.3	2.3 Effects of Disputes					
	2.4	Mana	agement of Disputes	. 39			
	2.	4.1	Dispute avoidance	. 40			
	2.	4.2	Frequency of Dispute Avoidance Strategies	. 44			
	2.5	Conc	ceptual Framework: Relationship between Project Characteristics a	and			
	Disp	utes		. 47			
	2.6	Sum	mary	. 53			
СН	[APT]	ER TI	HREE: RESEARCH METHODOLOGY	. 54			
	3.0	Intro	duction	. 54			
	3.1	Rese	earch Process Adopted for the Study				
	3.2	Rese	arch Design	. 57			
	3.3	Rese	arch Questions (RQs)	. 59			
	3.4	Rese	arch Paradigms and Philosophy	. 61			
	3.	4.1	Research paradigms and philosophy in general	. 61			
	3.	4.2	Research paradigms and philosophy specific to this research	. 64			
	3.5	arch Approach	. 65				
	3.6	Rese	arch Strategies	. 67			
	3.7	Surv	ey as a Research Strategy	. 69			
	3.	7.1	Questionnaire survey	. 70			
	3.	7.1.1	Sample Selection	. 71			
	3.	7.1.2	Data collection technique	. 72			
	3.	7.1.3	Data analysis technique	. 73			
	3.	7.2	Survey of projects	. 74			
	3.	7.2.1	Sample Selection				
	3.	7.2.2	Data collection techniques	. 77			
	3.	7.2.3	Data analysis technique	. 78			
	3.8	Write	e up	. 79			
	3.9	Rese	arch Validity and Reliability	. 79			
	3.	9.1	Construct validity	. 80			
	3.	9.2	Internal validity	. 80			
	3.	9.3	External validity	. 81			

	_	0.4 70.11.1111	0.1			
		.9.4 Reliability				
		Summary				
		ER FOUR: DATA ANALYSIS AND FINDINGS – QUESTIONNAII				
SUI	RVEY	Y	83			
	4.0	Introduction				
	4.1	Profile of Survey Participants	83			
	4.2	Causes of Disputes	84			
	4.3	Project Characteristics Contributing to Disputes	87			
	4.4	Dispute Avoidance Strategies Practiced in Sri Lanka	88			
	4.5	Summary	90			
СН	APTI	ER FIVE: DATA ANALYSIS AND FINDINGS- SURVEY	ЭF			
PRO	OJEC	CTS	91			
	5.0	Introduction	91			
	5.1	Profile of Research Participants	91			
	5.2	Profile of the Projects Surveyed	95			
	5.3	Project Characteristics of the Projects Surveyed	97			
	5.4	Causes of disputes in the projects surveyed	98			
	5.5 Relationship between Causes of Disputes and Project Characteris					
	5.6	Dispute avoidance strategies adopted in the projects surveyed	l 14			
	5.	.6.1 Drafting dispute resolution provisions in contract	18			
	5.	.6.2 Practice of negotiation or amicable settlement	119			
	5.	.6.3 Practice of timely notices	119			
	5.	.6.4 Proper documentation of contract document	121			
	5.	.6.5 Early contractor involvement	121			
	5.	.6.6 Third party review on design	121			
	5.	.6.7 Standing Dispute Adjudication Board (DAB)	122			
	5.	.6.8 Clarifying any issues in tender documents during tendering stage 1	123			
	5.7	Relationship between Dispute Avoidance Strategies and Proj	ect			
	Characteristics					
	5.8	Summary	125			

СНАРТ	TER SIX: DISCUSSION OF RESEARCH FINDINGS 126
6.0	Introduction
6.1	Causes of Disputes
6.2	Project Characteristics Influencing Disputes
6.3	Dispute Avoidance Strategies
6.4	Relationships between Causes of Disputes and Project Characteristics 133
6.5	Relationship between Dispute Avoidance Strategies and Project
Cha	racteristics 135
6.6	A strategic framework to avoid disputes in Sri Lankan Construction
Indu	ıstry
6.7	Summary
СНАРТ	TER SEVEN: CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS 140
7.0	Introduction
7.1	Achievement of Research Objectives
7.2	Contribution of the Research
7	C.2.1 Contribution to theory
7	2.2.2 Contribution to practice
7.3	Recommendations
7.4	Recommendations to Further Research
7.5	Limitations of the Research
7.6	Summary
Ref	erences
I ist	of annendices 167

# LIST OF FIGURES

Figure 2.1: Conceptualising construction dispute	9
Figure 2.2: Categories of construction project procurement systems	35
Figure 2.3: Dispute avoidance strategies.	43
Figure 2.4: Conceptual framework of dispute avoidance in construction pro	jects
from the perspective of project characteristics	51
Figure 3.1: Research process adapted for the study	56
Figure 3.2: Nested research model.	58
Figure 3.3: Research Onion.	59
Figure 3.4: Sample selection of projects	76
Figure 4.1: Distribution of profile information.	84
Figure 6.1: Strategic framework to avoid disputes in Sri Lankan Construction	ction
Industry from the perspective of project characteristics	137

# LIST OF TABLES

Table 2.1: Frequency of causes of disputes	.15
Table 2.2: Causes of disputes in terms of project participants and phases	.21
Table 2.3: Features of procurement methods and its influence on disputes	.36
Table 2.4: Frequency of Dispute avoidance strategies	.45
Table3.1: Research paradigms and philosophies	.62
Table 3.2: Justification of philosophical stand for each objective	64
Table 3.3 Research strategies	67
Table 3.4: Response rate	.73
Table 4.1: Causes of disputes	85
Table 4.2: Project Characteristics Contributing to Disputes	87
Table 4.3: Dispute avoidance strategies	.89
Table 5.1: Details of research participants and projects surveyed	92
Table 5.2: Profile of research participants	.94
Table 5.3: Profile of projects surveyed	.95
Table 5.4: Project characteristics of the selected projects	.97
Table 5.5: Causes of disputes and its frequency	.99
Table 5.6: Causes of disputes and the project characteristics	101
Table 5.7: Payment delays and the related project characteristics1	02
Table 5.8: Scope changes and the related project characteristics	104
Table 5.9: Design errors and the related project characteristics	106
Table 5.10: Design complexity and the related project characteristics	07
Table 5.11: EOT related issues and the related project characteristics	08
Table 5.12: Contractor's cash flow difficulties and the related	109
Table 5.13: Delay in progress of work and the related project characteristics	110
Table 5.14: Unrealistic time targets set by the client and related pro	ject
characteristics	112
Table 5.15: Relationship between causes of disputes and project characteristics1	113
Table 5.16: Dispute avoidance strategies and its frequency	115
Table 5.17: Dispute avoidance strategies and the project characteristics	117
Table 5.18: Drafting dispute resolution provisions in contract and related pro	ject
characteristics	118

Table 5.19: Practice of timely notice and related project characteristics								120
Table	5.20:	Standing	dispute	adjudicati	on boar	d and	related	l project
characteristics								
Table	5.21:	Relationship	between	dispute	avoidanc	e strate	gies an	d project
characteristics								

### **ABBREVIATIONS**

- ADR- Alternative Dispute Resolution
- CIOB Chartered Institute of Building
- CRCCI- Cooperative Research Centre for Construction Innovation
- DAB Dispute Adjudication Board
- **EOT** Extension of Time
- FIDIC International Federation of Consulting Engineers
- **RDA- Road Development Authority**
- SBD Standard Bidding Document
- SPSS Statistical Package for the Social Science