EVALUATION OF THE ECONOMIC BENEFITS OF SHIFTING AIR CONDITIONING LOADS FROM EVENING AND DAY PEAKS TO OFF PEAK HOURS

Thiththagalla Gamage Rajith Lalitha

149290U

Degree of Master of Science

Department of Electrical Engineering

University of Moratuwa Sri Lanka

March 2018

EVALUATION OF THE ECONOMIC BENEFITS OF SHIFTING AIR CONDITIONING LOADS FROM EVENING AND DAY PEAKS TO OFF PEAK HOURS

Thiththagalla Gamage Rajith Lalitha

149290U

Thesis/Dissertation submitted in partial fulfilment of the requirements for the degree

Master of Science

Degree of Master of Science

Department of Electrical Engineering

University of Moratuwa Sri Lanka

March 2018

DECLARATION OF THE CANDIDATE & SUPERVISORS

I declare that this is my own work and this thesis/dissertation does not incorporate without acknowledgement any material previously submitted for a Degree or Diploma in any other University or Institute of higher learning and to the best of my knowledge and belief does not contain any material previously published or written by another person except where the acknowledgement is made in the text.

Also, I hereby grant to the University of Moratuwa, the non-exclusive right to

eproduce and distribute my thesis/dissertation, in whole or in part in print, electronic or other medium. I retain the right to use this content in whole or part in future works such as articles or books).				
Date				
n for the Masters Thesis/ Dissertation				
Date				
Date				

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Gratitude is due with much respect towards the two supervisors, Eng. W. D. A. S. Wijayapala and Eng. Chandana N. Dalugoda, who guided the candidate throughout his thesis work, in spite of their busy schedules.

Candidate would like to extend his gratitude to all the lecturers of Electrical Engineering Department, University of Moratuwa for the guidance provided by them to improve the thesis, with their valuable comments.

Appreciation is also expressed to the colleagues Nuwan Rathnayaka, Darshana Kumara and Lasith De Silva for motivating the candidate in completing his research work.

Finally, the candidate owe his gratitude to his parents and sister for their endless support and encouragement and without whom the candidate would not have come this far.

ABSTRACT

With the development of industries and changes in living standards of the society, demand for electricity is rapidly increasing in every year. In order to maintain the demand supply balance and to provide uninterrupted supply, utility has to supply the electricity demand in the most economical way. Building new power plants is not always the most economical solution. The trend now, is towards reducing and controlling the demand through Demand Side Management (DSM) techniques which is almost always an economical and environment-friendly solution.

In this thesis, Heating, Ventilation and Air Conditioning (HVAC) system of Cinnamon Lakeside Hotel is analyzed to identify the potential DSM options that can be implemented. Thermal Energy Storage (TES) was selected as the DSM option to store cooling load in offpeak hours of the day and use it in peak and day hours of the day. Technical viability and potential saving that can be achieved through TES in hotel sector of Sri Lanka is further analyzed.

Benefits of Thermal Energy Storage systems to the industry and to the utility is separately analyzed in this study.

The conclusion of the thesis is that Thermal Energy Storage technology is a viable DSM method for the hotel industry in Sri Lanka. It is the responsibility of the Government and the Utility to promote DSM methods to its customers and motivate them to invest.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

DECLARATION OF THE CANDIDATE & SUPERVISORS	i
ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS	ii
ABSTRACT	iii
LIST OF FIGURES	vii
LIST OF TABLES	viii
LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS	ix
1. INTRODUCTION	1
1.1. Background	1
1.2. Power Sector in Sri Lanka	2
1.3. Hotel Industry	6
1.4. HVAC System	7
1.4.1. Chiller	7
1.4.2. Cooling towers	8
1.5. Identification of the Problem	9
1.6. Research Objectives	9
1.7. Cinnamon Lakeside Hotel	10
1.8. Organization of the Thesis	10
2. HVAC SYSTEM OF CINNAMON LAKESIDE HOTEL	11
2.1. Chiller Plant	11
2.2. Cooling Towers	12
2.3. Load Profile	12
3. METHODS OF SHIFTING AIR CONDITIONING LOAD	14
3.1. Thermal Energy Storage (TES)	14
3.1.1. Chilled water storage (CWS)	16

3	.1.2. Ice s	storage	18
3	.1.2.1.	Static ice systems	19
3	.1.2.2.	Dynamic ice systems (ice harvesting)	22
3	.1.2.3.	Ice slurry system	22
3	.1.2.4.	Encapsulated ice system	22
3	.2. Operatir	ng Strategy	23
3	.3. Summar	y	24
4.	TECHN	ICAL EVALUATION	25
4	.1. Existing	System	25
4	.2. Methods	s of Air Conditioning Load Shifting	26
4	.2.1. Usin	ng only Glycol chillers and ice storage systems	27
4	.2.1.1.	Case 01: Shifting both peak and day cooling loads	28
4	.2.1.2.	Case 02: Shifting only peak cooling load	29
4	.2.1.3.	Modifications to the existing system	30
4	.2.1.4.	Advantages	31
4	.2.1.5.	Disadvantages	31
4	.2.2. Usin	ng chilled water storage systems	31
4	.2.2.1.	Case 03: Shifting both peak and day cooling loads	32
4	.2.2.2.	Case 04: Shifting only peak cooling load	33
4	.2.2.3.	Modifications to the existing system	34
4	.2.2.4.	Advantages	35
4	.2.2.5.	Disadvantages	35
4		iting cooling load using ice storage system and conventional	35
4	.2.3.1.	Case 05: Shifting both peak and day cooling loads	36
4	.2.3.2.	Case 06: Shifting only peak cooling load	37

4.	2.3	3.3.	Modifications to the existing system	39
4.	2.3	3.4.	Advantages	39
4.	2.3	3.5.	Disadvantages	39
4.	3.	Stora	ge Calculation	40
4.	4.	Sumn	nary of the Technical Evaluation	41
5.		FINA	NCIAL ANALYSIS	42
5.	1.	Inves	tment Cost	42
5.	2.	Benef	its to the Industry	43
5.	.3.	Benef	its to the Utility	43
5.	4.	Opera	ting Cost of Existing System	44
5.	5.	Opera	ating Cost for Proposed Cases	45
5.	5.1	1. C	ase 01: Shifting both peak and day loads using only Glycol chillers	45
5.	5.2	2. C	ase 02: Shifting only peak load using only Glycol chillers	47
5.	5.3	3. C	ase 03: Shifting both peak and day loads using CWS	48
5.	5.4	4. C	ase 04: Shifting only peak load using CWS	49
5.	5.5	5. C	ase 05: Shifting both peak and day loads using ice storage system	51
5.	5.6	5. C	ase 06: Shifting only peak load using ice storage system	53
5.	6.	Sumn	nary	54
5.	7.	Utilit	y Benefits	55
6.		CON	CLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS	57
6.	1.	Conc	usions	57
6.	2.	Probl	ems and Limitations	58
6.	3.	Reco	mmendation	59
7		DEEE	PENCES	60

LIST OF FIGURES

Figure 1: Generation Mix of 9 th March 2016	3
Figure 2: Load Profile of Sri Lanka Power System, 8th March 2016	4
Figure 3: Contribution to the Night Peak, 8th March 2016	4
Figure 4: Breakdown of Energy Consumption of a Large Hotel	6
Figure 5: Basic Cycles of HVAC system	7
Figure 6: Name Plate Data of Chiller in Cinnamon Lakeside Hotel	11
Figure 7: Average Electrical Load Profile of Chiller	13
Figure 8: Stratification profile of the storage tank	17
Figure 9: External Melt Method.	19
Figure 10: Internal Melt Method	21
Figure 11: Average Electrical Load Profile of Chiller Plant	25
Figure 12: Methods of Load Shifting	27
Figure 13: Ice Storage System with Glycol Chillers Only [6]	27
Figure 14: Load Profile of Chiller Shifting Peak and Day using Ice Storage	28
Figure 15: Load Profile of Chiller Shifting Only Peak using Ice Storage	29
Figure 16: Chilled Water Storage System	31
Figure 17: Load Profile of Chiller Shifting Peak and Day using Chilled Water Storage	32
Figure 18: Load Profile of Chiller Shifting Only Peak using Chilled Water Storage	34
Figure 19: Ice Storage System with Glycol Chillers and Convectional Chillers [6]	36
Figure 20: Load Profile of Chiller Shifting Peak and Day using Ice Storage and Convecti	onal
Chiller	37
Figure 21: Load Profile of Chiller Shifting Only Peak using Ice Storage and Convectiona	ા
Chiller	38

LIST OF TABLES

Table 1: Merit Order	4
Table 2: Sri Lankan Tariff Structure, effective from 15th Nov 2014	5
Table 3: Days which Chiller Load Profile Taken	12
Table 4: Breakdown of Load Profile	13
Table 5 : Energy Consumption of Chiller	26
Table 6: Energy Consumption of Cooling Tower	26
Table 7: Summery Of the Technical Evaluation	41
Table 8: Cost of HVAC Equipment (Year 2017)	42
Table 9: Unit Cost of Power Plant	
Table 10: Per day Operation Cost of the Chiller	44
Table 11: Per Day Operation Cost of the Cooling Tower	45
Table 12: Per day Operation Cost of the Chiller in Case 01	45
Table 13: Per day Operation Cost of the Cooling Tower Case 01	46
Table 14: Total Investment of Case 01	
Table 15: Per day Operation Cost of the Chiller in Case 02	47
Table 16: Per day Operation Cost of the Cooling Tower Case 02	47
Table 17: Per day Operation Cost of the Chiller in Case 03	48
Table 18: Per day Operation Cost of the Cooling Tower Case 03	48
Table 19: Total Investment of Case 03	49
Table 20: Per day Operation Cost of the Chiller in Case 04	50
Table 21: Per day Operation Cost of the Cooling Tower Case 04	50
Table 22: Total Investment of Case 04	50
Table 23: Per day Operation Cost of the Chiller in Case 05	51
Table 24: Per day Operation Cost of the Cooling Tower Case 05	52
Table 25: Total Investment of Case 05	
Table 26: Per day Operation Cost of the Chiller in Case 06	53
Table 27: Per day Operation Cost of the Cooling Tower Case 06	
Table 28: Total Investment of Case 06	54
Table 29: Summery of the Financial Analysis	54
Table 30: Benefit to the Utility	55
Table 31: Calculate Project IRR from Utility side	56

LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

Abbreviation Description

BST Bulk Supply Tariff

CEB Ceylon Electricity Board

COP Coefficient of Performance

CWS Chilled Water Storage

DSM Demand Side Management

FOM Figure of Merit

GP General Purpose

GV Government

H Hotel

HVAC Heating Ventilation and Air Conditioning

I Industrial

IPP Independent Power Producer

IRR Internal Rate of Return

kVA kilovolt Ampere

kW_e kilowatt (electrical)

kWh_e kilowatt hour (electrical)

kWh_R kilowatt hour (cooling)

MW Megawatt

PUCSL Public Utilities Commission of Sri Lanka

TR Ton of Refrigeration

TRh Ton of Refrigeration hour

SPP Small Power Producer

TES Thermal Energy Storage

TOU Time of Use