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## Appendix A: Verilog test bench for 10GBASE-X PCS Sublayer FIFO design

```
// -----  
// This is the implementation of TestBench for Single Asynchronous  
FIFO  
// Note: FIFO FULL :-Wr_Clk>Rd_Clk; Wr_Clk T = 3199  
//       FIFO EMPTY :- Rd_Clk>Wr_Clk; Wr_Clk T = 3200  
// -----  
// timescale unit/precision  
`timescale 1ps / 1ps // each unit is 1 ps,& simulation has 1 ps  
precision  
  
module TestLaneFIFO;  
  
parameter FIFO_width = 10; // 10 bits  
parameter ADDR_bits = 3; // 3 bits  
  
// stimuli signal generation  
reg tstWr_Clock, tstRd_Clock, tstFIFOReset;  
wire tstFIFO_Full, tstFIFO_Empty;  
wire tstInsert_Req, tstDelete_Req;  
wire [2:0] tstPtrDiff;  
  
reg [FIFO_width-1:0] tstWrData; // FIFO Write In data  
reg [31:0] TestData;  
reg [11:0] ClkCounter;  
  
wire [FIFO_width-1:0] tstDataOut;  
wire [FIFO_width-1:0] tstNxtRdData;  
wire [(ADDR_bits-1):0] tstFIFO_WrPtr;  
wire [(ADDR_bits-1):0] tstFIFO_RdPtr;  
wire [(ADDR_bits-1):0] tstFIFO_NxtRdPtr;  
wire [(ADDR_bits-1):0] tstCrntWrPtrGray;  
wire [(ADDR_bits-1):0] tstCrntRdPtrGray;  
wire [(ADDR_bits-1):0] tstNxtRdPtrGray;  
wire [(ADDR_bits-1):0] tstNxtNxtRdPtrGray;  
wire [(ADDR_bits-1):0] tstSyncdWrPtr;  
wire tstReadEn;  
wire [2:0] tstCounter;  
// UUT instantiation  
  
LaneFIFOUUT (  
    .Wr_Clock(tstWr_Clock),  
    .Rd_Clock(tstRd_Clock),  
    .FIFOReset(tstFIFOReset),  
    .CrntWrData(tstWrData),  
    .InsertReq(tstInsert_Req),  
    .DeleteReq(tstDelete_Req),  
    .CrntWrPtr(tstFIFO_WrPtr),  
    .CrntRdPtr(tstFIFO_RdPtr),  
    .NxtRdPtr(tstFIFO_NxtRdPtr),  
    .PtrDiff(tstPtrDiff),  
    .FIFO_Full(tstFIFO_Full),  
    .FIFO_Empty(tstFIFO_Empty),  
    // Testing purpose only  
    /// TestClkCounter,  
    .CrntRdData(tstDataOut),  
    .NxtRdData(tstNxtRdData),  
);
```

```

        .CrntWrPtrGray(tstCrntWrPtrGray),
        .CrntRdPtrGray(tstCrntRdPtrGray),
        .NxtRdPtrGray(tstNxtRdPtrGray),
        .NxtNxtRdPtrGray(tstNxtNxtRdPtrGray),
        .SyncWrPtr(tstSyncdWrPtr),
        .ReadEn(tstReadEn),
        .Counter(tstCounter)
    );

// Define characters
`defineStartChar 10'b1101101000 // K27.7
`defineTerminateChar 10'b1011101000 // K29.7
`defineCharA 10'b0011110011 // K28.3
`defineCharK 10'b0011111010 // K28.5
`defineCharR 10'b0011110100 // K28.0

`defineWrClkCycles 12'd2500 // 10k / 4 = 2500

// -----
// Initialization
// -----
initial
begin
tstFIFOReset = 1'b0; // reset FIFO
    #16010 tstFIFOReset = 1'b1;
end

// -----
// Clock signal generation
// -----
/* Notes
    FIFO_Full & Delete request condition being testing
    tstWr_Clock: 312.5 Mhz + 100 ppm => 312531.25 kHz => 3199.68 ps
    tstRd_Clock: 312.5 Mhz - 100 ppm => 312468.75 kHz => 3200.3 ps

    tstWr_Clock: 312.5 Mhz + 200 ppm => 312562.5 kHz => 3199.3 ps
    tstRd_Clock: 312.5 Mhz - 200 ppm => 312437.5 kHz => 3200.6 ps
*/

// Write pointer to be derived on received/recovered clock
initial // Clock generator
begin
tstWr_Clock = 1'b1;
forever #1599 tstWr_Clock = !tstWr_Clock; // invert every 3199.68 /
2 = 1599.84ps
end

// Read pointer to be derived on the local clock
initial // Clock generator
begin
tstRd_Clock = 1'b1;
forever #1600 tstRd_Clock = !tstRd_Clock; // invert every 3200.3 / 2
= 1600.15ps
end

// -----
// Data packet generation
// -----

```

```

always @ (posedgetstWr_Clock or negedgetstFIFOReset)
if (!tstFIFOReset)
begin
ClkCounter = 0;
end
else
begin
if (ClkCounter >= `WrClkCycles)
ClkCounter = 1;
else
ClkCounter = ClkCounter + 1;
end

//always @(ClkCounter >= 0) // start character
always @ (posedgetstWr_Clock or negedgetstFIFOReset)
if (!tstFIFOReset)
begin
tstWrData = `CharA; // idle
TestData = 32'b0;
end
else
begin
TestData = $random;
if (ClkCounter == 1)
tstWrData = `StartChar;
else if (ClkCounter == (`WrClkCycles - 3)) // 2497 = T
tstWrData = `TerminateChar;
else if (ClkCounter == (`WrClkCycles - 2)) // 2498 = A
tstWrData = `CharA;
else if (ClkCounter == (`WrClkCycles - 1)) // 2499 = R is chosen as
the second 1 following T
tstWrData = `CharR;
else if (ClkCounter == `WrClkCycles) // 2500 = K
tstWrData = `CharK;
else
// TxData = TestData[(Lane0FIFO_width - 1):0];
tstWrData = TestData[(FIFO_width - 1):0];
end
// -----

// -----
initial
#81_000_000 $stop;
// -----
endmodule

```

## Appendix B: Verilog testbench for 40GBASE-R PCS sub layer Model

```
// -----  
// File Name: TestFourtyG_PCS.v  
// Description: This is the implementation of TestBench for 40G  
transmitter  
// Input: tstPCSReset - Active Low Reset  
// Output:  
// Notes:  
// TODO:  
// -----  
  
// timescale unit/precision  
`timescale 1ps / 1ps // each unit is 1 ps, & the simulation has 1 ps  
precision  
  
module TestFourtyG_PCS;  
  
reg tstTxClock, tstPCSReset, tstPCSEn, tstRxClock;  
reg tstSerialLaneClk, tstSerialLaneWrClk, tstSerialLaneRdClk,  
NxtSerialLaneWrClk, NxtSerialLaneRdClk;  
reg [14:0] SerialClkCntr;  
reg [14:0] SerialClkCntrNxt;  
reg tstLaneWrClk, tstLaneRdClk, nxtLaneWrClk, nxtLaneRdClk;  
reg [63:0] tstTxData;  
reg [7:0] tstTxCtrl;  
  
wire [63:0] tstRxData;  
wire [7:0] tstRxCtrl;  
wire tstRxRdy, tstTxRdy;  
  
`define WrClkCycles 13'd5001  
parameter TxClkPeriodbyTwo = 10'd799;  
parameter RXClkPeriodbyTwo = 10'd800;  
parameter SerialLaneWrClkPeriodbyTwo = 6'd48;  
parameter SerialLaneRdClkPeriodbyTwo = 6'd48;  
  
parameter BlockType_S = 8'h78; // PCS /S/ = 0x78  
parameter BlockType_T0 = 8'h87; // PCS /T0/ = 0x87  
parameter BlockType_T1 = 8'h99;  
parameter BlockType_T2 = 8'hAA;  
parameter BlockType_T3 = 8'hB4;  
parameter BlockType_T4 = 8'hCC;  
parameter BlockType_T5 = 8'hD2;  
parameter BlockType_T6 = 8'hE1;  
parameter BlockType_T7 = 8'hFF;  
  
reg [63:0] TestData;  
reg [12:0] ClkCounter;  
reg [7:0] CkEdgeCounterTx;  
reg [7:0] CkEdgeCounterTxNxt;  
reg [7:0] CkEdgeCounterRx;  
reg [7:0] CkEdgeCounterRxNxt;  
  
integer i;
```



```

// -----
// UUT Instantation
// -----
FourtyG_PCS UUT_PCS (
    .TxClock(tstTxClock), // input TxClock,
    .SerialLaneWrClk(tstSerialLaneWrClk),
    .LaneWrClk(tstLaneWrClk),
    .LaneRdClk(tstLaneRdClk),
    .TxData(tstTxData), // input [63:0] TxData,
    .TxCtrl(tstTxCtrl), // input [7:0] TxCtrl,
    .PCSReset(tstPCSReset), // input PCSReset,
    .PCSEn(tstPCSEn), // input PCSEn,
    .RxClock(tstRxClock), // input RxClock,
    .SerialLaneRdClk(tstSerialLaneRdClk),
    .RxData(tstRxData), // output [63:0] RxData,
    .RxCtrl(tstRxCtrl), // output [7:0] RxCtrl
    .TxRdy(tstTxRdy), // output TxRdy,
    .RxRdy(tstRxRdy) // output RxRdy

);

// -----
// Clock signal generation
// Serial Lane clock: 10.3125 G => 96.9697 ps => T/2 = 48 ps
// tstSerialLaneClk = 24 ps is used to obtain serial lane Rd Wr
// clocks of T/2 = 48 ps with +/- 100 ppm
// -----
initial // Clock Generator
begin
    tstSerialLaneClk = 1'b0;
    forever #24 tstSerialLaneClk = ~tstSerialLaneClk; // invert
every (1/10.3125) / 4 = 24.2424
end

// -----
// Clock signal generation
// Serial Lane clock: 10.3125 G => 96.9697 ps
// 100 ppm => 100 for 10^6 => 1 for 10 000 clks
// stop the 10001 clk -> slower clk
// having the 10001 as a normal clock -> faster clk
// tstSerialLaneWrClk(47) > tstSerialLaneRdClk(49) => FIFO_FULL
// tstSerialLaneWrClk(49) < tstSerialLaneRdClk(47) => FIFO_EMPTY
// Generated period of both tstSerialLaneWrClk & tstSerialLaneWrClk
are 96 ps
// Expected period of both tstSerialLaneWrClk & tstSerialLaneWrClk
are 96.9697 ps
// -----
initial
begin
    tstSerialLaneWrClk = 1'b0;
    tstSerialLaneRdClk = 1'b0;
    SerialClkCntr = 15'd0;
end

always @(*) // Combinational logic
begin
    if (SerialClkCntr >= 15'd20001) // counts 0 : 20001
        SerialClkCntrNxt <= 15'd0;

```



```

        else
            SerialClkCntrNxt <= #1 SerialClkCntr + 15'd1;
        end
    always @ (posedge tstSerialLaneClk)
        begin
            SerialClkCntr <= #1 SerialClkCntrNxt;
        end

    always @ (posedge tstSerialLaneClk)
    begin
        if (SerialClkCntr >= 15'd20000)
            begin
                // Delete req Assert: FIFO Full possible
                tstSerialLaneRdClk <= #1 1'b0; // slow clk
                tstSerialLaneWrClk <= #1 ~tstSerialLaneWrClk; // fast clk
            //      // Insert req Assert: FIFO Empty possible
            //      tstSerialLaneWrClk <= #1 1'b0; // slow clk
            //      tstSerialLaneRdClk <= #1 ~tstSerialLaneRdClk; // fast clk
            end
        else
            begin
                tstSerialLaneWrClk <= #1 !tstSerialLaneWrClk;
                tstSerialLaneRdClk <= #1 !tstSerialLaneRdClk;
            end
        end
    end

// -----
// Clock Signal Generation: Lane Parallel input/output clock
// tstSerialLaneWrClk /66 = tstLaneWrClk; tstLaneWrClk * 4 =
tstTxClock
// clock: 156.25 MHz; period 6336 ps (expected 6400 ps)
//      when crossing boundaries having a diff of 96 ps 6330ps :
6432ps
// -----
initial
    begin
        tstLaneWrClk = 1'b0;
        CkEdgeCounterTx = 7'b0000000;
        tstLaneRdClk = 1'b0;
        CkEdgeCounterRx = 7'b0000000;
    end
// Tx parallel clock generation
always @ (posedge tstSerialLaneWrClk)
    begin
        tstLaneWrClk <= #5 nxtLaneWrClk;
    end

always @ (posedge tstSerialLaneWrClk)
    begin
        CkEdgeCounterTx <= #1 CkEdgeCounterTxNxt;
    end
always @(*) // Combinational logic
    begin
        if (CkEdgeCounterTx >= 7'd32)
            CkEdgeCounterTxNxt = 7'b0000000;
        else
            CkEdgeCounterTxNxt = #1 CkEdgeCounterTx + 7'b0000001;
        end
end

```



```

always @(*)
begin
    if (CkEdgeCounterTx >= 7'd32)
        nxtLaneWrClk = !tstLaneWrClk;
    else
        nxtLaneWrClk = tstLaneWrClk;
    end

// Rx parallel clock generation
always @ (posedge tstSerialLaneRdClk)
begin
    tstLaneRdClk <= #5 nxtLaneRdClk;
end

always @ (posedge tstSerialLaneRdClk)
begin
    CkEdgeCounterRx<= #1 CkEdgeCounterRxNxt;
end

always @(*) // Combinational logic
begin
    if (CkEdgeCounterRx >= 7'd32)
        CkEdgeCounterRxNxt = 7'b0000000;
    else
        CkEdgeCounterRxNxt = #1 CkEdgeCounterRx + 7'b0000001;
    end

always @(*)
begin
    if (CkEdgeCounterRx >= 7'd32)
        nxtLaneRdClk = !tstLaneRdClk;
    else
        nxtLaneRdClk = tstLaneRdClk;
    end

// -----
// Clock signal generation
// RX_CLK & TX_CLK 625 MHz: period = 1591ps (1600 expected)
// Sometimes this goes for 1584: 1679 diff of 95 ps
// -----
initial
begin
    tstTxClock = 1'b0;
    tstRxClock = 1'b0;
end

// Clock Generator Tx
always @(posedge tstLaneWrClk)
begin
    repeat (8)
    begin
        tstTxClock = # ((SerialLaneWrClkPeriodbyTwo * 2 * 66) / 8)
~tstTxClock;
    end
end

// Clock Generator Rx

```



```

always @(posedge tstLaneRdClk)
begin
repeat (8)
begin
tstRxClock = # ((SerialLaneRdClkPeriodbyTwo * 2 * 66) / 8)
~tstRxClock;
end
end

// -----
// Initialization
// -----
// Reset Signal : Reset pulse width = (2 * 1584) + 5
initial
begin
tstPCSReset = 1'b0; // Active low reset pulse
@ (posedge tstLaneWrClk);
@ (posedge tstLaneWrClk);
#6
tstPCSReset = 1'b1;
end
// Enable signal: Enable is activated at(3 * 1584) + 25
initial
begin
tstPCSEn = 1'b0; // not eanbled
@ (posedge tstLaneWrClk);
@ (posedge tstLaneWrClk);
@ (posedge tstLaneWrClk);
#26
tstPCSEn = 1'b1;
end

// -----
// Test Data Generation
// -----
always @ (posedge tstTxClock)
begin
if((tstPCSReset == 1'b0) || (!tstPCSEn) || (!tstRxRdy))
begin
ClkCounter = 13'd0;
end
else
begin
if(ClkCounter >= `WrClkCycles)
ClkCounter = 13'd1;
else
ClkCounter = ClkCounter + 13'd1;
end
end

// -----
// Test Data Packet considerarions
// Minimum IPG = 96 bits = 12 bytes
// Maximum clock rate diff +/- 100 ppm => 1 clk diff for 5000 clks
// Data Pkt :-
// Clk1: S0 D1 D2 D3 D4 D5 D6 D7 - Data 7
// Clk5000: D0 D1 D2 T I0 I1 I2 I3 - Data 3 : 5000 clks

```



