

CONCLUSIONS AND SUGGESTIONS FOR FUTURE WORK

4.1 Conclusions

1. Using FT-IR spectra it was found that addition of CR latex to NR/NBR latex blend has caused a chemical shift. Therefore it can be concluded that with the addition of CR latex there could be some effect on compatibility of NR/NBR latex blends. The NR/CR/NBR (40:15:25) is the best composition.
2. There was no significant effect of mixing temperature on NR/CR/NBR latex blends.
3. Tensile strength of the film of NR/CR/NBR (40:15:25) latex blend is greater than that of the film of NR/NBR (40:40) latex blend.
4. Extractable protein content of the film of NR/CR/NBR (40:15:25) latex blend can be less than that of the film of NR/NBR (40:40) latex blend.
5. In gear oil (SAE 90), oil resistance of NR/CR/NBR latex blend is better than that of NR/NBR latex. For other oils tested NR/NBR latex blend exhibited more resistance. There is no adverse effect on oil resistance with the addition of CR latex to NR/NBR latex blend.
6. It was concluded that CR could be used as a compatibilizing agent on NR/NBR latex blends.



4.2 Suggestions For Future Works

1. The temperature effect for mixing was not that significant according to the results obtained in this study. It is suggested to check the effect of temperature using a wide range of temperature.
2. One might use the solubility parameter to further improvement of the compatibility. As the density is directly related to the solubility parameter by changing the densities of NR, CR, and NBR latices, one can further improve the compatibility of the best chosen mixture NR : CR : NBR (40 : 15 : 25).
3. It is suggested that to determine water extractable protein content of the films of NR/NBR, NR/CR/NBR latex blends and NR latex using another method (instead of BCA method) and identify the film which is containing the lowest water extractable protein content.



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